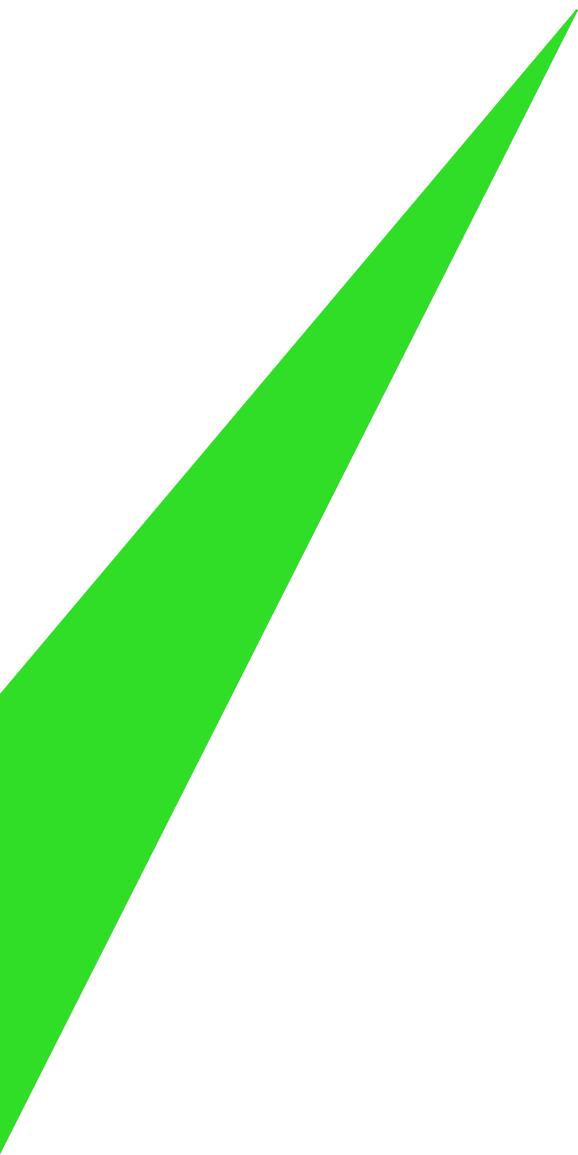




Be *Masterful*.



Hiring By Design, Not By Chemistry

Hire by Design

Improve the Odds

Every new hire will ultimately contribute either to moving your business forward or to holding it back. The acquisition of intellectual capital has quickly become the primary competitive advantage in the new millennium. So, why handicap your organization's competition for human resources by not exploiting the most advanced technology available for selecting the strongest candidates and for avoiding costly selection errors?

The Facts

- More than 50,000 organizations in the U.S. use testing to help them make decisions about hiring, placement, and promotion.
- Turnover, replacements, and retraining costs for a mid-level manager average \$320,000
- The **cost spiral** that results from poor hires: salary, benefits, recruitment, training, medical claims, opportunity loss, impact on morale, customer ill-will, legal exposure; and productivity, quality, and profits all decrease.
- The worst candidates are typically screened out, but it's the marginal ones who slip through and who adversely impact your organization's productivity and morale (*and* it's hard to terminate them).
- **EEO guidelines state:** "...tests, when used in conjunction with other tools of personnel assessment...aid in the development and maintenance of an efficient work force and...aid in the utilization and conservation of human resources."

The Benefits

- It's objective, cost effective, legal, and it works.
- Candidates are uniformly impressed that the organization takes its mission so seriously that it uses such a systematic and thorough approach to the acquisition of human resources.
- Testing significantly reduces turnover and the high costs associated with it.
- When the best-fit applicants are hired, they settle into the new position more quickly and travel the learning curve faster.
- The hiring evaluation report becomes a working document for the individual and their manager. With the evaluation report in hand, the manager has a much clearer understanding of how to motivate, develop, and coach the new hire.
- When correctly matched to a job, individuals perform for the satisfaction of mastery and achievement.

The Process

Job Analysis

The job in question is evaluated with that job's immediate boss. We identify the job's critical success factors and understand who succeeds and who fails in this role.

Interview

The candidate spends two to three hours in a structured interview with a consulting psychologist

Computerized Testing: Cognitive abilities

The candidate is administered a battery of tests, tailored for the job in question. Tests used assess numeracy, verbal skills, critical thinking abilities, and mental alertness. Norms used by our expert systems are specific to the job class.

Computerized Testing: Personality and vocational inventories

The other portion of the tailored assessment battery generates insights into goodness-of-fit issues such as thinking style, motivators, emotional maturity, work style, interpersonal orientation, and influence style. Norms used by our expert system are specific to job class.



The Information You'll Have

About the Candidate

Career Outlook: evaluation of career history, personal mission, and job motivators and de-motivators.

Cognitive Ability: in-depth description of critical analytical skills, reasoning abilities, verbal and numeric skills, and mental quickness.

Use of Cognitive Abilities: receptivity to ideas, problem solving aptitude, and practicality/creativity of thought process.

Work Style: energy, pace, approach to planning and thinking, need for recognition, need for organizational freedom, attention to detail, orientation to action, work ethic and conscientiousness.

Emotional Style: optimism, restraint over feelings, objectivity about feedback, handling stress, management of strong emotions, resilience and composure.

Interpersonal Factors: sociability, assertiveness, first and lasting impressions, perceptiveness, competitiveness, agreeableness, acceptance of diversity, and service orientation.

Management and Leadership Style: desire to persuade and influence, approach to persuasion and influence, approach to managing relationships and conflict, communication style, and adverse factors that could impact relationships.

And More: a graphic profile of a few dozen personality traits, plus selected cognitive ability measures; topics for special consideration and their implications; management advice; specific follow-up interview probes to pose to the candidate and another set of questions to ask of references; and the ability to reanalyze the same data set and produce an in-depth developmental report.

